FELLOW-TOWNSMEN.

ONLY A BRIEF STAY MADE-NO CHANGE IN ENGINEER MILLIGAN TELLS THE STORY OF THE

occurred here at neon to-day in honor of Presispect for the President's expressed wish that spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm. The people of the community turned out, and from the station to the Barber house, where the McKinys are the guests of Mrs. McKinley's sister, so near the noon hour that employes of many factories succeeded in securing early closing and joined the throng about the station.

direct to the Barber home, where their stay of a few hours was devoid of all formality. Between 4 and 5 o'clock they took a special train on the Pennsylvania line, and preceeded east-Major Webb C. Hayes and Colonel and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick were of the party.

Cleveland, Sept. 1-President McKinley and his party left Cleveland for Canton this morning on a special train over the Cleveland Terminal and Valley Rallway. A small crowd of neighbors and friends assembled to see the party

It had been supposed that the President might return to Ohio next week to attend the G. A. R. reunion at Cincinnati, but it was definitely announced that his official duties in connection with the peace negotiations will preent him from doing so. The members of the Peace Commission are due in Paris to meet the Spanish Commissioners October 1. It will be pecessary for them to leave this country, thereabout September 15, and hence there is only a short time for them to arrange their affairs for their protracted absence and to confer with the President regarding the negotiations and the many perplexing questions which is agreed to and signed.

So far as could be learned to-day, the President does not contemplate any change in the planse announced heretofore covering his movements for the remainder of the week. He expeets now to be at Montauk Point on Saturday.

TO ARRIVE HERE TO-DAY A SPECIAL TRAIN OF FIVE CARS WILL TAKE HIS PARTY AND SECRETARY ALGER'S TO MONTAUK.

When President McKinley arrives in the city to-day it is expected that he will, as usual, go to the Windsor Hotel. Rooms there are being placed in readiness for his coming, and the same suite he occupied when here on his last visit will be at his disposal. J. Addison Porter, the President's secretary, was in the city yesterday making arrange-ments for the President's visit, but he did not know just what the President's plans were to be

Colonel Kimball, Deputy Quartermaster-General received information at the Army Building yesterday afternoon that the Secretary of War day at Jersey City on the Congressional where he would be met by the Government General Meigs, which will convey him to

steamer General Meigs, which will convey him to long Island City. The plans for taking President McKinley to Monauk have been completed. The President will reach Jersey City some time this afternoon or evening, and will cross to Manhattan and take dinner with his party at the Hotel Mannattan. After dinier he and his party will be driven to the Thirty-tourth-st. pler, where a boat will be in waiting to take them to Long Island City. Either at Thirty-fourth-st. or in Long Island City. Either at Thirty-fourth-st. or in Long Island City. Secretary Alger and party will join the President. The Long Island Railread will have a train of five Pullman coaches in waiting, and these will be immediately bearied. The time the party will reach Long Island City is not certain, but there will be no nurry nor any set time for the train to get away. The plan of the railroad is to make what it terms a "slow run" to Montank. This will enable the party to get a good night's rest on the cars, and the schedule will be a carranged that the train will each Montank at a oclock to-morrow morning. h Mortauk at a o'clock to-morrow morning return will be made in the evening, and wil fast run, and the train will have reached Long ad City in time for the President to go to Paton, N. J., where he and Mrs. McKinley will remover Sunday and Monday as the guests of President and Mrs. Hobart, at Carroll Hall.

CITY CARING FOR MANY SICK.

THE SOLDIERS IN ALL THE INSTITUTIONS IMPROVING-ROOM FOR MORE PROVIDED.

igh, of course, the heat yesterday was tryarmies who are now at the various city hospitals, the condition of the majority of them was reported to be better. After the privations they suffered at the front and in camp, the careful attention and excellent food which they are now receiving have resulted in a speedy improvement in the majority At Believue Hospital it was said yesterday that

At henevue Hospital it was said yesteriny that all the soldiers there were getting along nicely. Several new cases were admitted to the Hudson Street Hospital, most of them being of typhold, dysentery and maiaria. There were no members of the New-York regiments among these patients. At the Manhattan Hospital, where several soldiers are the several soldiers.

At the Manhattan Hospital, where several sol-diers are being cared for, it was said yesterday that no notice had yet been received for the authorities to prepare for additional cases. It was added that room would be gladly found for them if it was re-quired, and that a large number of men could be received. St. Luke's Hospital, where there are hore sick solders, is now full. At Roosevelt Hos-lial there are lorty cases, all of which were re-ported yesterday as being in a satisfactory condi-tion.

on. Superintendent Fisher, of the Presbyterian Hos-Superintendent Fisher, of the Presbyterian Hospital, has converted the dispensary connected with the hospital into a ward for sick soldiers. He says that he has accommodations for about thirty-five noore, and that every attention will be paid to them. Fresilent Keller of the Department of Charities rold vesterday that the hospitals under the charge of his Department were also prepared to care for at least three hundred more soldiers. These institutions include the Metropolitan Hospital, on Blackwell's Island: Believue, Harlem and Gouverneur hospitals. The treatment in these hospitals is offered free to the Government, but Mr. Keller says that many of the soldiers are now being sent to other institutions, where the Government is compelled to pay for their treatment.

The following list shows the number of soldiers

The following list shows the number of soldiers who have been treated in the city hospitals, the number still in the hospitals, and the general contition of the patients:

| or the property of the property of the party | | | |
|--|----------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total nun | aber | Number n | w Genera. |
| Hospital. trea | red | in hospita | condition. |
| Presbyterian | 135 | 15 | Fairly good. |
| | | 10 | Poing well. |
| Mount Sinal | | 200 | Doing nicely. |
| Flower | | . 5 | |
| Hudson Street | 020 | -0.00 | Several still critical. |
| Believue | 51 | 120 | Generally good; some |
| - Charles Allegan Control Control | | | cases still serious. |
| Secretary 2 | 90 | 88 | Some critical cares. |
| St. Luke's | 99 | 00 | but generally good. |
| | THE . | | |
| J. Hond Wright | 1 | 1 | Doing well. |
| Fortham | | 1 | Favorable. |
| St. Vincent's | 42 | 43 | Most cases low; |
| Ser a side of His avenue | *** | *** | several may die. |
| Parameter and the second | | | Doing well |
| Graverneur | | 55 | |
| Receivelt | 64 | | Fairly well. |
| M. Francis. | 45 | 55 | Five serious cases. |
| | | | others fairly well. |
| 8t. Mark's | 16 | 16 | A few serious cases |
| The section is a second | | 2 | Doing well |
| Habremann | office a | | |
| A number of so | dier | s have | been treated at the |

New-York Hospital, but information concern their number or condition was refused last night.

STRIKERS TAKE MINE OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT AND SUPERINTENDENT CARRIED OFF AT PANA, ILL -MINERS WANT NON-UNION MEN TO CEASE WORK.

St. Louis, Sept. 1.-A dispatch from Pana, Ili. says that six hundred striking miners this after-soon seized David J. Overholt and Lewis Overholt, president and superintendent respectively, of Springside Mines.

The two officials were taken out of their buggy the mob and carried in the direction of the mines. Nothing is known of their fate.

The Rev. Dr. Millard, a minister of Pana, made a plea to the miners to re'ease the Overholts, and was knocked on the head with a revolver for his

The miners were overtaken by the State officials of the Miners' Union and halted. D. J. and Lewis Overholt gave the committee an order to send for a committee of the negro miners. Sheriff Coburn refused, and replied demanding the release of the Overhoits. John Mitchell, National vice-president of the union, sent back a note saying the Overhoits were not in his keeping. Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 1.—Battery B, of the Illinois

National Guard, received orders to-night to proceed at once for Pana. Sixty men, with five Gatling guns, under command of Lieutenant Frank Henry, will start immediately on a special train. Trouble between the striking coal miners and deputy sher-ing is feared, because of the efforts of the mine crators to import colored miners.

ENTHUSIASTICALLY WELCOMED BY HIS ENTERTAINED BY THE ENGINEERS CLUB AT ITS HOME IN FIFTH-AVE.

Engineer A. B. Bates, of the Texas; Chief Engineer Oregon; Passed Assistant Engineer Walter Ball, of the New-York, and Chief Engineer Alexander Henton. The dining-room was decorated with the National colors and many palms. Two orchestras in adjoining rooms alternated in furnishing some appropriate musical selections. Because of the uncomfortably high temperature speeches were dis-

by Passed Assistant Engineer J. C. Kafer, United States Navy, retired, the chairman of the House was called back into the service, and was detailed to supervise the construction of the torpedo-boat Batley, at Morris Heights. He was assisted in his work of arranging the dinner by other members of

the House Committee.
Others present were W. W. Redding. dent of the Morgan Iron Works; T. N. Ely, or the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; Major Joseph M. Commission; S. W. Baldwin, vice-president of the Stevens, of Hoboken; H. T. Scott, president of the Union Iron Works; Colonel H. C. Meyer, M. T. Davidson, E. H. Wells, Charles M. Everest and

Although it was announced that there would be no speeches, Chief Engineer Milligan of the Oregon was importuped to tell of the famous run of the Oregon from San Francisco to Key West, and he was prevailed upon to give an account of the engineering force of the vessel during the trip.

"When we left San Francisco with orders for Callao," said Engineer Milligan, "no one on board

incisting that they could make the port in ten hours; and so we did. The men stood three watches at the engines and two in the fireroom. Most of our men are Pacific slope men, and they wear about the same kind of clothes the year around out there. In the tropics we suffered severely from the heat, nithough the fireroom is usually at 140

the Spanish torpedo-boat Temerario was waiting for us. If we had met her she would have had the advantage of knowing whether war had been declared, and so Captain Clark decided that if she came anywhere near us we would act as if war had been declared and we knew all about it. (Applause.)

going torpedo-boats had left Spain and perhaps were looking for us. The telegram said that if they met us the Department hoped we would whip them. It seemed to me a good deal to hope for. Captain Clark called us all into his cabin and told his plans if we met that fleet. He meant to turn and run, for the Oregon can fight running away as well as any other way. We have lots of gins to bring to hear astern. Captain Clark said he meant to string them out in a long race; to do the fastest torpedo-boats first, then the fastest cruisers, and then go back to fight Cervera himself. I think the occurrences of July 2 showed his good judgment, for not all the Spanish fleet had the same speed, and from what I saw then I think his plan would have succeeded.

"At Barbadoes the authorities would not allow us to communicate with the Navy Department for Jupiter Iniet. There we got a telegram to go to Key West if we were in fighting trim, and to Hampton Roads if we needed repairs. The next day we were at Key West. You know all about to combardment and the battle of July 2. We did the best we could, and got through as soon as we could. met us the Department hoped we would whip

we could.
"To show you what sort of a ship the Oregon is 'I'll tell you that there was not a speck of salt in her

we could.
"To show you what sort of a ship the Oregon is I'll tell you that there was not a speck of sait in her boilers after the run. Usually the condensers leak a little bit, and sait water gets into the boilers and evaporates, leaving the sait, but there was no such leakage ahoard the Oregon. The workmanship of the vessel was the foundation of our success."

Chief Engineer Milligan also told of the coal used, and how he kept extra bunkers ready for an emergency. At San Francisco the Oregon loaded coal which made 420 knots to the ton where the chief engineer expected to make but 3 or 3.5 knots. Some of this coal was put in bunkers that empited directly into the fireroom without much handling. Other coal obtained on the Atlantic made but two and a frection knots a ton. On July 3 there was some of that Frisco coal in those easy bunkers, and in fifteen minutes the Oregon obtained her maximum speed. There is some on board yet, Engineer Milligan added.

When the orchestra played "The Star-Spangled Banner" every one sang, and with such spirit that there were dushed faces and sparkling eyes among the diners. There were cheers for Chief Engineer Milligan and then for the other officers of the other ships.

OBITUARY.

DR. J. O. NIELSON.

Boston, Sept. 1.-Dr. J. O. Nielson, medical in spector at the Charlestown Navy Yard, died to-day, Dr. Nielson's death was sudden, heart disease being assigned as the cause. He was in his fiftyfourth year, and had been twenty-nine years in the service. A widow, a daughter and a son, who is surgeon of the repair ship Vulcan, survive him.

THOMAS DEWITT PENFIELD.

Uttea, N. Y., Sept. 1 (Special).-Thomas Dewitt Penfield died at Camden to-night aged eighty-five years. He served in the Assembly in 1856-51, 1867 and 1879. He was a Democrat, and on one occasion was the only Democratic member of the Legis was the only Democratic member of the Legis-lature who voted in favor of a resolution to amend the Constitution prohibiting slavery. The bill was finally passed in April, 1865, eleven Democrats vot-ing for it. Mr. Penfield was a great admirer of Lincoln, and was a loyal supporter of the Govern-ment's war policy. He was elected Sheriff of Onelda County in 1882. He always lived in Camden.

"E PLURIBUS UNUM," SAYS MR. DEPEW. The recent attack of "The London Saturday Review" upon Chauncey M. Depew has been followed

by another, and, perhaps, a more victous attack upon America and Americans. In reference to Mr. Depew it said that he was "a painted puppet and a snob" and many other equally cheerful things. Many think that they were prompted by some personal spleen. On the other hand, the subsequent attack on American people reads as follows There are, of course, many worthy private per the United States; but what we have think of now are the people of that country as think of now are the people of that country as represented in their social, civil and political customs. Socially it is sordid to the last degree; its courts of law and all its civil institutions are corrupt; the methods of its political parties are no better than those of long-firms. It has contributed nothing to the self-respect of humanity. On the contrary, it has shown all the world to what a depth of public deprayity civilization is capable of descending.

When this article was shown to Mr. Depew he laughed. He had previously declined to discuss the personal attack upon himself, but in the light of this development he said:

this development he said:

Comparing these two articles reminds me of the story of the man who came down to breakfast one morning, and, glancing through the morning paper, said in a gratified way: "I see I am referred to in the paper this morning." "Is that so, dear?" said his wife, "What does it say?" The man replied jountily. "Why, it says that seventy thousand people visited the warships yesterday."

VELT-RUMOR ABOUT THE CHAIRMAN

LEADERS FROM ACROSS THE RIVER.

State Committee, in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, yes pledged to support Governor Black and himself for renomination. Rentamin B. Odell, ir., chairman of of them earnestly, one at a time. Somehow, a re-

twenty-one district leaders from Brooklyn, carryto meet me and shall not do so."

PLEDGED TO SECRECY.

The district leaders who talked with Mr. Odel Black would probably be dropped. We were in-formed that it was the opinion of the great body would not be supported at the polls. Colonel

Chairman Odell was asked by one of the Brooklyn delegates about the prediction of Walter B

Atterbury that the Kings County delegation would be practically solid for Black and Woodruff in the State convention. They were told by Mr. Odell that 100 of the 132 delegates from Brocklyn would be for Roosevelt on the first ballot.

A number of friends of Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff held a secret conference at the Brooklyn Republican Club, in Pierrepoint-st, on Wednesday evening, One of those who attended went so far as to say that Mr. Woodruff knew that he would be left off the ticket, should colonel Roosevelt head it, and that he was becoming reconciled to the idea.

THE INTERVIEW AT NO. 40 BROADWAY. Senator Platt was having a warm interview with Louis F. Payn, the State Superintendent of Insurance, who is Governor Black's chief supporter is

Louis F. Payn, the State Superintendent of Insurance, who is Governor Black's chief supporter in the fight for renomination. The interview was held in Mr. Platt's office, at No. 48 Broadway, and lasted about two hours. Mr. Payn had taken alarm at the conferences at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and was inclined to believe that Mr. Platt was departing from the promise he made to Governor Black in Washington to remain neutral Mr. Payn had taken alarm at the conferences at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and was inclined to believe that Mr. Platt was departing from the promise he made to Governor Black in Washington to remain neutral Mr. Payn choc Brooklyn delegates to vote for the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt for Governor.

It was impossible for newspaper men to ascertain all the facts about the interview between Senator Platt and Superintendent Payn, but the statement was made later that Senator Platt had declared again that he was not seeking to influence any delegates, but was trying to keep track of the drift of sentiment among the delegates. Mr. Payn was not apparently in a happy frame of mind when he got out of Mr. Platt's office.

George C. Austin, who was selected by some of the Republicans in the XXIst Assembly District as a suitable candidate for Congress in the district now represented by Lemuel E. Quigg, has declined to be a candidate for Congress in the district now represented by Lemuel E. Quigg, has declined to be a candidate for Congress in the district now represented Republican Club on Tuesday night, and he said he could not be placed in the position of trying to defeat Mr. Quigg's renomination for Congress. He has been mentioned as the possible Republican candidate for the State Senate in the district now represented by John Ford, and it is understood that Mr. Quigg's renomination for Congress. He has been mentioned as the possible Republican candidate for the State Senate in the district now represented by John Ford, and it is understood that Mr. Quigg's renomination of Congress. He has been mentioned as

MR. MCCULLAGH RECEIVES THE LISTS. Complete lists of men recommended for appointment as deputies by John McCullagh, State Super intendent of Elections in the Metropolitan District, had been received from the Republican organizations throughout the district yesterday. Mr. Mc Cullagh had extended the time for filing the lists until yesterday at the request of the Republican organization in Kings County. He said yesterday that the only regular Democratic list he had received was one from Westchester County. No lists are expected from Tammany or from the regular are expected from Tammany or from the regular organization of Democrats in Brooklyn. Mr. McCulingh said that Dr. M. M. Miller, secretary of the Executive Committee of the Jefferson Democracy, the Henry George organization, had submitted a list of three hundred names, but he would not recognize the Henry George Democracy as the Democratic organization in this city, although he would appoint those who could qualify. He will name some day next week for the examination of the men nominated in the submitted lists.

A NEW NAME FOR A CLUR.

The Progressive Republican Club has been renamed the Jacob Eliperin Association, in honor of its president. The club members feel that the good work accomplished by the organization in the past can be extended, and to that end desire to have purpose an increase in membership is necessary to provide sufficient funds, and the club appeals to the Republican citizens of the city to lend their aid. The initiation fee is 25 cents and the dues 40 cents a month. PERRY BELMONT AND MR. CROKER.

Richard Croker's presence in the city has given Tammany politics an impetus, but so far he has been exceptionally reticent about the plans of the organization. He let it be known yesterday that he would make daily visits to his office, at No. 111 Broadway, and as a result a number of his followers were on hand there yesterday morning. He arrived at his office bright and early. Mr. Croker said yesterday that he was not discussing candi-dates or piatforms as yet, and supplemented this statement with the information that he would be

in the city until the eve of election, attending | IOWA REPUBLICANS' ACTION. John Whalen, Corporation Counsel, and Michael T. Daly were among the callers yesterday. The A ROUND-UP OF REPUBLICAN DISTRICT

most interesting conference that Mr. Croker held, however, was an unexpected one apparently. On his way to his office he met Perry Belmont in the arrest Mr. Belmont walked to Mr. Croker's office with him, and they stopped to chat for a moment there before parting. Neither would say a word about the talk.

Mr. Croker gathered around him his usual follow-

ROOSEVELT THEIR CHOICE.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY REPUBLICANS

in Corporation Hall last evening to indorse Theo-dore Roosevelt as a candidate for Governor. The vice-presidents were elected: A. L. Barber, J. M. Embree, Dr. C. M. Kellogg, James L. Taylor, N. Remsen, Walston H. Brown, Dr. Joseph Hasbrouck, Francis R. Masters, John Lange, Charles Eichhorn, Samuel Weisch, L. B. King, Charles

Mr. Todd made an address, in which he said: "Theodore Roosevelt is no man's man. He repreents the principles for which the Republican party

has always stood."

were more brave than the sons of the Empire State; and Whereas, Among such sons is one whose experience in Legislative and executive office, both local and National, and whose record both as soldier and in civil life exhibit ability integrity and a peculiar fitness to fill the highest office in the gift of the people in the State of New-York; and Whereas. The welfare of the Republican party requires that its nominee for the office of Governor shall have the confidence of the people; and Whereas, We believe that no man in the State of New-York more fully meets the requirements of the hour than Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. Resolved, That our creed and our motto is Roosevelt for Governor. Resolved, That we believe it would be a dangerous experiment on the part of the Republican Convention if it shall attempt to place before the people the name of any other candidate for Governor. Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the chairman of this meeting to present a copy of these resolutions to each delegate to the State Convention from this destrict, with the request that of the State of New-York.

Resolved That a copy of these resolutions be resented to the State Convention by a committee of three appointed by the chairman of this meeting or that purpose.

or that purpose. Resolved, That in the event of the nomination of sionel Theodore Roosevelt as Republican candinate for Governor, the chairman of this meeting be not be not sufficient to appoint a committee of five, whose duty it shall be to bring about a coganization of a Roosevelt Campaign Club used a most vigorous campaign may be waged in its behalf and in behalf of the whole Republican cket.

ticket
Resolved, That the chairman and secretary pass
this meeting along to Republicans of neighboring
villages, and request them to do likewise, furnishing a copy of these resolutions to such as shall
take the initiative.

REPORTED PREFERENCE FOR ROOSEVELT.

here to-day that the canvass now being made preferences of Republican voters among the home at Syracuse, reports a strong sentiment in the central part of the State in favor of the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt, although Gov-

cans of his locality in the southern part of the State were thinking about the nomination for Governor. "Some people in our district," he answered, "want Roosevelt, and say he is the strongest man who could be named, and there are others who say Black ought to be renom-

inated."
Some Monroe County Republicans, who were here to-day, stated that James M. E. O'Grady, Speaker of the Assembly, may decide to be a candidate for the nomination for Lieutenant-Governor, if Theodore Roosevelt is nominated for Governor. Mr. O'Grady is seeking the nomination for Congress in the Monroe County district, but would be willing to make the "sacrifice" of accepting the nomination for Lieutenant Covernor.

FUSION FAILED IN WISCONSIN.

FULL DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET NOMINATED. Milwaukee, Sept. 1.-The Democratic State Convention nominated the following ticket:

For Governor-HIRAM W. SAWYER, Hartford, Lieutenant Governor-PRIER V. DEUSTER Milwaukee, Secretary of State P. O. STROMINE, Madison Treasurer S. J. MALER Milwaukee, Superior, Attorney General HARRY III GRAVE, Superior, Insurance Commissioner—JOHN F. SCHINDLER, Milwaukee

Walker Railroad Commissioner - C. G. WHLFOX, Dupree, Superintendent of Public Instruction-W. H. SCHULS, Spring Green.

The ticket was nominated after one of the stormiest Democratic State Conventions ever held in Wisconsin. The fight was confined to the question of fusion with the Populists on the State tion of fusion with the Populists on the State ticket. It was a battle between the delegation from Milwaukee County against the rest of the State. The outside delegates finally came out victorious, when a vote on their resolution to allow the Populists to name a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the approval of the Convention, was lost, the vote resulting 28 for and 281 against fusion.

Notwithstanding that fusion was voted down, a Populist, John F. Schindler, of Milwaukee, succeeded in being nominated for Insurance Commissioner. However, it was as a Democrat that he received the nomination, and not as a Populist.

ASSAULTED AT SOUTH BEACH. Frederick Tarter, son of George Tarter, a hotel-

keeper, of South Beach, Richmond Borough, is locked up at Police Headquarters, Stapleton, awalting the result of injuries inflicted on William W. Guyett, of Brook-st., Stapleton. Guyett, his wife, Lillian, and their son went to

South Beach yesterday in company with Wesley A. Travers, and decided to take a swim. Before A. Travers, and decided to take a swim. Before entering the water Mrs. Guyett and her husband sat on the sand talking. While they were there, it is asserted. Tarter came along and struck Mrs. Guyett with a stick across the back. Her husband remonstrated with the young man, and he secured another piece of wood and hit Guyett over the head with it, the blow making Guyett unconscious. An ambulance was called, and the injured man was taken to the Smith Infirmary, in New-Brighton, where it is said he has concussion of the brain.

When Tarter was arrested he said the person who struck the Guyetts escaped, and that he was sitting on the stoop of his father's hotel when he saw a crowd on the beach and ran down to see what was the matter.

MISS BARTON COMING HOME. Tampa, Fla., Sept. 1 (Special).-Colonel Bellinger,

quartermaster, received a cable dispatch late this evening from Miss Clara Barton, at Havana, saying she would sail at once on the hospital ship Clinton for New-Orleans. The Clinton is loaded with Red Cross supplies, and will put in at Muliett Key for coal. Miss Barton asks that seventy-five tons be sent there for her. The transport Fanita is now at Egmont Key undergoing the usual quar-antine regulations.

DELAWARE COUNTY REPUBLICANS. Delhi, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The Republican Convention

of Delaware County met to-day, and decided to support Delos H. Mackey, of Meredith, for the support Delos H. Mackey, of Mercedin, for the Senate nomination. Delos Axtell, of Deposit, was renominated for the Assembly. The delegates to the Congress Convention were instructed for George W. Ray. The State Delegates were un-instructed.

CONGRESSMAN BAKER RENOMINATED. Baltimore, Sept. 1 (Special).-Congressman Will-

iam B. Baker was renominated by the Hd District Republican Convention here to-day. This district comprises several wards of Baltimore City, all of Baltimore County and Carroll, Cecil and Harford Baitimore County and Carroll, Cecil and Harford counties. For two years bitter dissensions have existed in the party in Baltimore County. John T. Ensor, for many years the party leader, broke away from the regular organization. His son, John S. Ensor, was a candidate for Congress. In the primaries he was defeated by a close vote. Today father and son agreed to support the ticket, thus assuring its success. A complimentary vote was given to Ensor by 1ts county, and then the delegation made the vote for Baker's renomination unanimous.

SENATOR ALLISON PRESIDES OVER THE STATE CONVENTION.

HIGH PRAISE FOR ADMINISTRATION IN PLAT-FORM AND SPEECHES-THE TICKET

Dubuque, Iowa, Sept. 1.—The Republican State Convention met to-day in Sängerbund Hall, with a large attendance and great enthusiasm. Senators Allison and Gear, Congressmen Henderson, Dolliver. Cousins, Lacey, Hepburn and Updegraff, Gov- Magistrate Pool is also directed to show cause why ver, Colsins, Lacey, helpfull and the entitled to have error Shaw and ex-Governor Drake were on the stage, and each had a nearty reception. The consultant of the examination proceeded with with counsel of the examination proceeded with the examination p vention hall was decorated with many flags. Sing-

speech was received with much applause. He said

The war is over, but it has left living questions for us to meet, and we should and will approach them with a proper appreciation of their gravity and importance.

We will get out of Cuba when we get out of

for us to meet, and we should and will appropriate them with a proper appreciation of their gravity and importance.

We will set out of Cuba when we get out of Jowa, and not till then. And this we will do without had faith 10 any one. By the time the people of Cuba have begun to enjoy the comfort of living under the protection of a nation strong enough to give her that which she has so longed for freedom, good government and peace—she will ask us to stay, and the flag will remain there for all time at her request. It is the logic of the situation. The soil has been consecrated with American blood. The flag files there in triumph. It will continue to wave there as an emblem of liberty, and will not come down until the people of Cuba shall decide upon the question, and their decision will not long be a matter of doubt.

To the insurgents in the Philippines we have incurred the duty that a powerful ally owes to list friends in war. We must see to it, then, that their just demands are accorded to them.

The annexation of \$500,000 to 10,000,000 Malays and Chinese, so many thousands of miles away, is something that we should not attempt without duly counting the cost. The war was one for humanity, and humanity should be the gainer by our success, but we should carefully and wisely consider the whole bearness of the question upon ourselves, and to do so all the light that can be obtained upon the whole subject should be secured.

A recess was taken when Major Lacey concluded.

A receas was taken when Major Lacey concluded. This afternoon Senator Allison was chosen permanent chairman. There was much cheering for

The Senator said in part:

Two years and this fall we elected William Mc-Kinley as President. (Long-continued applause.) I have heard of no man in this State who regrets that action. The affairs of this country of ours during these two years have been managed by him and his Cabinet with a fidelity and with a single purpose of patriotic effort in a way to fully meet the approbation of the American people. We have seen what I have never seen before in a long service in the councils of my country, vote after vote cast during the last session of Congress giving the unanimous support of the representatives of the country to this great and good man and his Administration.

We have trusted the President and his advisers. We have trusted the Congress of the United States in this emergency, and they have met every requirement with a particulum that should receive the thanks of the country. By the protocol of August 12, the war has been suspended, and the results of that war have been in part achieved, and we have selected through our great President the Commissioners who are to deal with the remaining questions of the war. (Applause.) As these questions have been dealt with in the past, they will be dealt with in the future, wisely and patriotically, for the interests of the 75,00,000 people of this country.

Senator Allison concluded with a high tribute to Governor Shaw and the State Administration. Nominations were then made as follows For Secretary of State-GEORGE T. DOBSON, of Polk

For Author—FRANK F. MERRIAM, of Delaware County.
For Attorney-General—MILTON REM'A, of Johnson County. for Treasurer JOHN HERRIOTT, of Guthrie

Rollroad Commissioner (full term)-WELCOME MOW-REV, of Tama. For Railroad Commissioner (short term)-DAVID J. PALMER of Washington County. For Clerk of the Supreme Court-C. T. JONES, of Wash-ington.

For Judge of the Supreme Court—HORACE E. DEEMER, of Montgomery. For Reporter of the Supreme Court-B. I. SCALLINGER, of Carroll.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED. The platform was in part as follows:

The platform was in part as follows:

We congratulate the country upon the wise and patriotic Administration of President McKinley, and we regard the measures and policies thereof as the concrete expression of Republican statesmaniship; and especially do we commend his course during the present war with Spain, his wisdom and forberance in seeking a peaceable solution of the Cuban question before resorting to arms, while at at the same time prudently preparing for war, and when circumstances finally made armed intervention necessary his vigor and energy in the prosecution of the war.

The experience of the last two years has fully approved the gold-standard policy of the Republic

when circumstances finally made armed intentecessary his vigor and energy in the prosecution of the war.

The experience of the last two years has fully approved the gold-standard policy of the Republican party as declared by the National Convention of 1886. We recognize the necessity of comprehensive and enlightened monetary legislation. The monetary standard of this country and the commercial world is gold. The permanence of this standard must be assured by Congress legislation, strandard must be assured by Congress legislation, giving to it the value and vitality of public law. All other money must be kept at a parity with gold. Our money, like our institutions, should be maintained equal to the best in the world. On this plank we invite the support of all voters who desire honesty and stability in business affairs, and an immediate and permanent settlement of the question of the standard of value.

The policies of reciprocity and protection are reaffirmed, and such changes in the present revenue law as experience may from time to time dictate or changed conditions demand are recommended.

We favor the upbuilding of the American merchant martin, the speedy construction of the Nicaragua Canal, the securing of naval and conding stations and the protection of American rights in every quarter of the world of the natequate Navy. The Republican party, under een restored and a foreign war successfully conducted, has earned the right to be further intrusted with the task of solving the territorial, colonial and commercial problems that have resulted from the war.

AMBASSADOR CAMBON IN QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 1.-M. Cambon, the French Am-assador to the United States, arrived in Quebec last night, and was driven quietly to the country home of Lieutenant-Governor Jette, at Spencer wood. To-day he has been visiting St. Anne and other places of interest. His stay in Quebec will be short. He declines to talk for publication.

CAR SERVICE IN SIXTH-AVE. EXTENDED. The Metropolitan Street Railway Company yes-terday resumed service in Sixth-ave, from Fifty-ninth-st, to Fourteenth-st. The change from horse to ejectrical power was accomplished in thirtyseven days on this section. It was said yesterday

that the line would be completed from Thirteenthst. south to Canal-st. within two weeks, and from there to the Vesey-st. terminus in an equally short time. By September 15, Mr. Vreeland says, the road will be reconstructed, equipped and ready for the substitution of electricity for the present horse

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, Sept. 1.—The heated term has continued in the Ohio and Middle Missirsippi valleys, the lake regions, the Middle and North Atlantic States. A maximum temperature has been reported as follows: Philadelphia temperature has been reported as follows: Philadelphia and Parkersburg, 96; Washington City, Pittsburg, Toiedo, Detroit and St. Louis, 94 Indianapolis, Cheinnati and St. Paul, 92. Thunderstorms and rain have occurred in the South Atlantic and East Guf States and Upper Missouri Valley. The pressure is high off the South Atlantic and Middle Pacific coasts. Extreme heat will continue in the Ohio Valley and the interior of the Middle and North Atlantic States till Saturday. Rain may be expected in the South Atlantic and East Guf States, the Middle and Upper Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys.

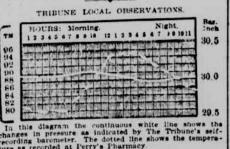
DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, generally fair till Saturday; con-trued high temperature in the interior; southwesterly

For Eastern New-York, fair till Saturday; continued high temperature; westerly winds.

For Fastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, fair till Saturday; continued high temperature; south-westerly winds.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, fair and continued high temperature till Saturday; southerly winds.

For Western New-York and Western Pennsylvania, generally fair; continued high temperature; light south-westerly winds.



Tribune Office, Sept. 2, 1 a. m .- The weather yester Tribune Office, Sept. 2. 1 a. m. - 100 was clearly day was fair and hot. The temperature ranged between 80 and 85 degrees, the average (87%) being 3 higher than that of Wednesday and 12% higher than that of the corresponding day of last year.

The weather will continue fair and hot to-day.

ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE WHY HE SHOULS NOT GIVE A POLICEMAN AN EXAMINATION. David M. Newberger, attorney for Policema Lewis Owens, of the West Thirty-seventh-st. sta-tion, obtained from Justice McAdam, in the Su preme Court, yesterday an order requiring Magistrate Pool to show cause this morning

should not issue requiring him to proceed in as orderly manner with the examination of Policemas Owens on a charge preferred against the policema Policeman Owens should not be entitled to hav

WRIT SERVED ON MAGISTRATE POOL

A DINNER FOR OSCAR S. STRAUS.

new post as United States Minister to Turkey, was the guest last evening at a dinner given at the York Life Insurance Company. Those present were William F. Buckley, John Claffin, Charles S. Fair-child, Thomas P. Fowler, Edward N. Gibbs, Willchild, Thomas P. Powler, Edward N. Gibbs, William R. Grace, Garret A. Hobart, William B. Horn-blower, Darwin P. Kingsley, Woodbury Langdon, Walter H. Lewis, John A. McCall, Henry C. Mortimer, Augustus G. Paine, George W. Perkins, Edmund D. Randolph, Hiram R. Steele, William L. Strong, Herry Tuck and David A. Wells. Speeches were made by President John A. McCall of the New-York Life Insurance Company, Henry C. Mortimer and ex-Mayor, Strong, each of whom culogized the departing Minister. Mr. Straus spoke in reply.

PURDY-FAILE-On Thursda), September 1, by the Venerable Archdeacon Kirkby, Antoinette Lavingston Faile, of White Plains, to Sylvanus Purdy, M. D., of New-York REISS ALEXANDER On Thursday, September by the Rev. Raphael Benjamin, M. A., Jennie Notices of marriages and deaths must be is dorsed with full name and address.

mirago papers piesse copy.

DINCAN-On Wedneeday, August 31, at his residence, No. 131 West 92d et., Edward M. Duncan, son of the late Raiph and Jane Barrows Duncan, aged 76 years. Funeral services at St Agnes's Chapel, Trinity Parish, West 92d et., on Saturday, September 3, at 3 p. m. niterment at Trinity Cemetery.

Shiffen, Jr.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 145 Lefferts
Flace, Brooklyn, Friday, September 2, at 8 p. m.
PEYSER—On Thursday, September 1, Theresa, widow of
S. M. Peyser, aged 67 years.
Funeral private, from her late residence, No. 35 West
90th-st.

SUNDERLAND—On August 31, 1898, John Powelson Sunderland, in the 72d year of his age.

Funetal Friday, 11:30 a.m. from his late residence, No. 23 Windeld-av. Greenville, N. J.

New-Brunswick papers please copy.

The Original No. 6 Cologne

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO. who adhere to the old original label and style. It is the finest and most refreshing cologne water i Junetin Hway, 5th Ave. 25th St; 578 5th Ave. 47th St; 325 & 357 Columbus Ave., and Newport.

Postoffice Notice.

ime shown below: TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatiantie Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German stemmers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST INDIES, ETC.

FRIDAY—At 1 p. m. for La Plata Countries direct, per s. s. Aranthus.

8. Artification.

Franchise S. m. for Brazil, per s. s. Galileo, via Pernambuco, Bahta and Rio Jameiro dettera for North Brazil and La Plata Countries must be directed "per Galileo"); at 8 a. n. for La Plata Countries direct, per s. s. Beliarden; at 8:30 a. m. for Cape Gracias, per s. s. Jason detters for Belize, Puerto Cortes and Gunteinala must be directed "per Jason"); at 8:20 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for St. Thomas, 8t. Crots, Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. a Pretoria (letters for Barbados, Demerara, Grenada, Trinidad and Tobago must be directed "per Pretoria"); at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla, Greytown and Costa Rica, per s. s. Altai; at 10:30 a. m. for Halti, per s. s. Prine Willem IV (etters for Venezuela, Curacao, Trinidad, British and Dutch Guiana must be directed "per Prins Willem IV") at 11 a. m. for Barbados and Demerara, per s. s. Tjomo (letters must be directed "per Fino") at 12 m. for Porto Rico direct, per s. s. Evelvin at 2 p. m. for Barbados and North Brazil, per s. s. Dunstan; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Fierre and Miquelon, per steamer from North Sydney; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Fierre and Miquelon, per steamer from North Sydney; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Fierre and Miquelon, per steamer from North Sydney; at 8:30 p. m. for St.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Merico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. †Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous

by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 s. m. and 2.30 p. m. Hegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe), New-Zealand, Hawail, Fiji and Samoan Islands, per a. a. Moana (from San Francisco) close here daily up to September 12 at 7 a. m., 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. (or on arrival at New-York of s. Etruria with British mails for Australia). Mails for China and Japan, per s. a. Empress of China (from Vancouver), close here daily up to September 6 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. a. Olympis (from Tacoma), chose here daily up to September 8 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia), New-Zealand, Hawail and Fiji Islands, per a. a. Miowera (from Vancouver), close here daily after September 8 and up to September 15 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for this and Fiji Islands, per a. a. Miowera (from Vancouver), the september 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for this and Japan, per s. Glengyle (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. a. Glengyle (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. a. Glengyle (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a. a. Glengyle (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a. a. Miowera (from Yangouver), and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. †Rejistered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

CORNELIUS VAN CO11, Fostmaster.

Postoffice, New-York, N. Y., August 20, 1898.

The case arises out of the recent wholesale arres ago on a charge of disorderly conduct. He alleged that she assaulted him after her arrest. She charged that he assaulted her. Magistrate Pool discharged the woman and entertained her charge against the poleeman. He refused to allow Mr Newberger to appear for Owens, and held the latter in \$2.66 beil.

The writ was served on Magistrate Pool in the West Side Court yesterday afternoon. The Magistrate accepted service. He said he would probably turn the papers over to Corporation Counse Whalen.

Forty women were arraigned in the West Side Police Court yesterday morning by the police of the West Thirty-seventh-st, and West Forty-seventh-st, stations for loitering. Owing to the inability of the policemen to make more specific charges, more than half of them were discharged.

BUELL—At his residence, No. 17 Fifth-ave., Wedn morning, August 31, Henry T. Buell. Funeral private. Interment at Williamstown, Mass. CAMPMAN—On September 1, Mrs. Helen Dodge, widow of Henry Campman, in the 68th year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend functal services at he. late residence, No. 145 Ene Tist-et., on Saturday, September 3, at 1:30 p. m. Chicago papers please copy.

'uneral from Friends' Meeting-House, 15th-st erfurd Place, on 6th Day, 9th Month, 2d. p. m.

Woodlawn Cemetery.
Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station (24th Ward). Harlem Railroad.

Special Notices.

Daily, \$ie a vear, \$1 per month.
Daily, without Sunday, \$5 a year; 90 cents per month
sunday Tribune \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1. Semi-Weekly, \$2
POSTAGE—Extra postage is charged to foreign countries
except Mexico and Canada, and on the daily in New
York City.
REMITTANCES, if sent in cash, unregistered, will be a

the owner's risk.

MAIN OFFICE—154 Nassau-st.
UPTOWN OFFICE—1.242 Broadway.

AMERICANN ABROAD will find The Tribune att
London-Office of The Tribune, 149 Pieset-st,
Mocton, Chapifa & Co., No. 6 Princess-st., E. C.
Brown, Gould & Co., 18 New Oxfords.

Thomas Cook & Son, Luigate Circus.

Paris—J. Munroe & Co., 7 Rue Scribe.

Hottinguer & Co., 28 Rue de Provence.

Morgan, Harjee & Co., 31 Boulevard Haussmann.
Coedit Lyonnia, Buren, des Etrangert.

Geneva-Lombard, Odler & Co., and Union Bank.
Florence—Whitely & Co.

Vienna—Angle-Austrian Bank.

St. Petersburg—Credit Lyonnia.

The London office of The Tribune is a convenient to leave advertisements and subscriptions.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as change

TRANSATIANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY—At 5 a. b. for Europe, per s. a. Lucania, via Queenstown detters for France. Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India must be directed "per Lucania"); at 7 a. m. for France. Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Fortugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India, per s. s. La Touraine, via Havre detters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Touraine"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. a. Werkendam, via Rotterdam detters must be directed "per Werkendam"); at 9 a. m. for Italy, per s. s. Fulda, via Naples detters must be directed "per Pulda"); at 10 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. a. Ethiopia, via Giascow detters must be directed "per Ethiopia"); at 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. a. Pennland, via Southampton detters must be directed "per Fennland"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. a. Norge detters must be directed "per Fennland"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. a. Norge detters must be directed "per Fennland"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. a.

FRIDAY-At 1 p. m. for La Plata Countries direct, per

In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.